

# HMMT November 2019

November 9, 2019

## Team Round

1. [20] Each person in Cambridge drinks a (possibly different) 12 ounce mixture of water and apple juice, where each drink has a positive amount of both liquids. Marc McGovern, the mayor of Cambridge, drinks  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the total amount of water drunk and  $\frac{1}{8}$  of the total amount of apple juice drunk. How many people are in Cambridge?
2. [20] 2019 students are voting on the distribution of  $N$  items. For each item, each student submits a vote on who should receive that item, and the person with the most votes receives the item (in case of a tie, no one gets the item). Suppose that no student votes for the same person twice. Compute the maximum possible number of items one student can receive, over all possible values of  $N$  and all possible ways of voting.
3. [30] The coefficients of the polynomial  $P(x)$  are nonnegative integers, each less than 100. Given that  $P(10) = 331633$  and  $P(-10) = 273373$ , compute  $P(1)$ .
4. [35] Two players play a game, starting with a pile of  $N$  tokens. On each player's turn, they must remove  $2^n$  tokens from the pile for some nonnegative integer  $n$ . If a player cannot make a move, they lose. For how many  $N$  between 1 and 2019 (inclusive) does the first player have a winning strategy?
5. [40] Compute the sum of all positive real numbers  $x \leq 5$  satisfying

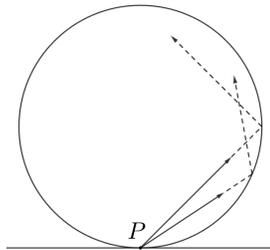
$$x = \frac{\lceil x^2 \rceil + \lceil x \rceil \cdot \lfloor x \rfloor}{\lceil x \rceil + \lfloor x \rfloor}.$$

6. [45] Let  $ABCD$  be an isosceles trapezoid with  $AB = 1$ ,  $BC = DA = 5$ ,  $CD = 7$ . Let  $P$  be the intersection of diagonals  $AC$  and  $BD$ , and let  $Q$  be the foot of the altitude from  $D$  to  $BC$ . Let  $PQ$  intersect  $AB$  at  $R$ . Compute  $\sin \angle RPD$ .
7. [55] Consider sequences  $a$  of the form  $a = (a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{20})$  such that each term  $a_i$  is either 0 or 1. For each such sequence  $a$ , we can produce a sequence  $b = (b_1, b_2, \dots, b_{20})$ , where

$$b_i = \begin{cases} a_i + a_{i+1} & i = 1 \\ a_{i-1} + a_i + a_{i+1} & 1 < i < 20 \\ a_{i-1} + a_i & i = 20. \end{cases}$$

How many sequences  $b$  are there that can be produced by more than one distinct sequence  $a$ ?

8. [60] In  $\triangle ABC$ , the external angle bisector of  $\angle BAC$  intersects line  $BC$  at  $D$ .  $E$  is a point on ray  $\overrightarrow{AC}$  such that  $\angle BDE = 2\angle ADB$ . If  $AB = 10$ ,  $AC = 12$ , and  $CE = 33$ , compute  $\frac{DB}{DE}$ .
9. [65] Will stands at a point  $P$  on the edge of a circular room with perfectly reflective walls. He shines two laser pointers into the room, forming angles of  $n^\circ$  and  $(n+1)^\circ$  with the tangent at  $P$ , where  $n$  is a positive integer less than 90. The lasers reflect off of the walls, illuminating the points they hit on the walls, until they reach  $P$  again. ( $P$  is also illuminated at the end.) What is the minimum possible number of illuminated points on the walls of the room?



10. [70] A convex 2019-gon  $A_1A_2 \dots A_{2019}$  is cut into smaller pieces along its 2019 diagonals of the form  $A_iA_{i+3}$  for  $1 \leq i \leq 2019$ , where  $A_{2020} = A_1$ ,  $A_{2021} = A_2$ , and  $A_{2022} = A_3$ . What is the least possible number of resulting pieces?